

# Temporalis: an open source software for dynamic LCA

Giuseppe Cardellini<sup>1</sup> and Chris Mutel<sup>2</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> KU Leuven <sup>2</sup> Paul Scherrer Institut

## Software

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## Summary

Temporalis (Cardellini and Mutel 2018) is an open source software for dynamic Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) calculations in Python. It is built on top of the advanced life cycle assessment framework Brightway2 (C. Mutel 2017) and allows to perform dynamic LCA and take into account time in both inventory and impact assessment. It makes use of graph traversal and convolution to solve the inventory and makes it possible to use several types of impact assessment methods, both static and dynamic. Specifically, Temporalis can resolve time-explicit Life Cycle Inventory (LCI), handle both absolute and relative temporal distributions, as well as exchanges with databases that have no temporal information. It can also perform static and dynamic characterization of emissions (including both distribution over time and characterization as a function of time); can calculate impact for any time horizon and correctly account for the impact of biogenic carbon fluxes (i.e. it does not assume any carbon neutrality and considers of the climate impact due to forest regrowth). The importance of considering time in LCA has been already shown in the past (“Considering Time in LCA: Dynamic LCA and Its Application to Global Warming Impact Assessments” 2010, Kendall (2012), Reap et al. (2008)). Some experimental dynamic LCA methodologies have been proposed in the literature (Collinge et al. 2013, Tiruta-Barna et al. (2016), Beloin-Saint-Pierre, Heijungs, and Blanc (2014), Beloin-Saint-Pierre et al. (2017)), but a software tool which allows the LCA practitioners to easily perform dynamic LCA was still lacking. Temporalis has been already used for LCA analysis of the FP7 project FORMIT (“FORMIT Fp7 Project” n.d.) and scientific articles (Giuseppe et al. accepted), with other articles [under preparation](#). Documentation, tutorials and usages can be found on [Temporalis repository](#).

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